

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

1. (currently amended): A method for the treatment and/or prophylaxis of an osteonecrotic bone disease in a mammal in need thereof, ~~such as, e.g., idiopathic or secondary osteonecrosis, avascular bone necrosis, glucocorticoid induced bone ischemia/osteonecrosis, Legg Calve Perthes disease and femoral head necrosis~~, the method comprising administering an effective dose of a strontium-containing compound (a) to the mammal.
2. (currently amended): A method according to claim 1, wherein the daily dose of strontium is at least about 0.01 g, ~~such as, e.g. at least about 0.025 g, at least about 0.050 g, at least about 0.075 g, at least about 0.1 g, at least about 0.2 g, at least about 0.3 g, at least about 0.4 g or at least about 0.5 g or from about 0.01 to about 2 g such as, e.g., from about 0.1 to about 2 g, from about 0.1 to about 1 g, from about 0.15 to about 0.5 g, from about 0.3 to about 2 g or from about 0.5 to about 2 g.~~
3. (currently amended): A method according to claim 1 ~~or 2~~, wherein the administration takes place one or more times daily.
4. (original): A method according to claim 3, wherein the administration takes place from 2-5 times daily.
5. (currently amended): A method according to claim 1 ~~any of the preceding claims~~, wherein the administration is by an ~~the~~ enteral or parenteral route or by topical administration.
6. (currently amended): A method according to claim 5, wherein the administration is by an ~~the~~ oral route.

7. (currently amended): A method for the treatment and/or prophylaxis of an osteonecrotic bone disease, ~~such as, e.g., idiopathic or secondary osteonecrosis, avascular bone necrosis, glucocorticoid induced bone ischemia/osteonecrosis and femoral head necrosis~~, in a mammal who is to be or is treated with a therapeutic agent (b) known to or suspected of inducing apoptosis and/or necrosis of bone cells, the method comprising administering a strontium-containing compound (a) in combination with the therapeutic agent (b).

8. (original): A method according to claim 7, wherein the apoptosis and/or necrosis of bone cells lead to an osteonecrotic bone disease.

9. (currently amended): A method according to claim 7 ~~or 8~~, wherein the administration of the strontium-containing compound (a) and the therapeutic agent (b) leads to at least one of the following:

- i) reduction in the incidence or severity of the osteonecrotic bone disease, wherein the incidence or severity of the osteonecrotic bone disease is reduced by at least 5%, ~~such as, e.g., at least 10%, at least 20%, at least 30%, at least 40% or at least 50%~~ in patients treated with the strontium-containing compound (a) and the therapeutic agent (b) in combination as compared to patients treated with the therapeutic agent (b) alone in the same dose as the therapeutic agent (b) in the combination treatment,
- ii) reduction of frequency and/or magnitude of side-effects of the therapeutic agent (b), wherein side effects are being defined as any clinical relevant observation pertaining to the disease or condition in the patient, ~~such as bone pain, joint pain, immobility, functional impairment, weight loss or bone mineral density (BMD) decrease~~, and wherein the frequency and/or magnitude of the side-effects is reduced by at least 5%, ~~such as, e.g., at least 10%, at least 20%, at least 30%, at least 40% or at least 50%~~ in patients treated with the strontium-containing compound (a) and the therapeutic agent (b) in combination as compared to patients treated with the therapeutic agent (b) alone in the same dose as the therapeutic agent (b) in the combination treatment.

10. (currently amended): A method according to claim 7 any of claims 7-9, wherein the

therapeutic agent (b) is a glucocorticoid and/or another steroid hormone.

11. (currently amended): A method according to claim 7 any of claims 7-9, wherein the therapeutic agent (b) is an anti-retroviral compound, such as, e.g., ~~efavirenz (Sustiva®), zidovudine (Retrovir®), lamivudine (Epivir®), abacavir (Ziagen®), zalcitabine (Hivid®), didanosine (Videx®), stavudine (Zerit®), tenofovir disoproxil fumarate (Viread®), emtricitabine (Emtriva®), fosamprenavir (Lexiva®), nevirapine (Viramune®), delavirdine (Rescriptor®), capravirine, enfuvirtide (Fuzeon®), saquinavir (Invirase®, Fortovase®), ritonavir (Norvir®), indinavir (Crixivan®), tipranavir, amdoxovir, elvucitabine, atazanavir (Reyataz®), nelfinavir (Viracept®), amprenavir (Agenerase®), PRO 542, TMC 114, TMC 125, BMS 56190, DPC 0830, .~~

12. (currently amended): A method according to claim 7 any of claims 7-9, wherein the therapeutic agent (b) is a bisphosphonate.

13. (currently amended): A method according to claim 7 any of claims 7-12, wherein the daily dose of strontium is at least about 0.01 g, such as, e.g. at least about 0.025 g, at least about 0.050 g, at least about 0.075 g, at least about 0.1 g, at least about 0.2 g, at least about 0.3 g, at least about 0.4 g or at least about 0.5 g or from about 0.01 to about 2 g such as, e.g., from about 0.1 to about 2 g, from about 0.1 to about 1 g, from about 0.15 to about 0.5 g, from about 0.3 to about 2 g or from about 1 to about 2 g.

14. (currently amended): A method according to claim 7 any of claims 7-13, wherein the strontium-containing compound (a) and the therapeutic agent (b) are administered as a single composition.

15. (currently amended): A method according to claim 7 any of claims 7-13, wherein the strontium-containing compound (a) and the therapeutic agent (b) are administered as separate compositions.

16. (currently amended): A method according to claim 7 any of claims 7-15, wherein the administration of the strontium-containing compound (a) and the therapeutic agent (b) take

place simultaneously or sequentially.

17. (currently amended): A method according to claim 1 ~~any of claims 1 to 16~~, wherein the strontium-containing compound (a) is selected from the group consisting of strontium salts of an organic or an inorganic acid.

18. (original): A method according to claim 17, wherein the salt is in hydrate, anhydrous, solvate, polymorphous, amorphous, crystalline, microcrystalline or polymeric form.

19. (currently amended): A method according to claim 1 ~~any of claims 1-18~~, wherein the strontium-containing compound salt is ~~selected from the group comprising~~ strontium chloride, strontium carbonate, strontium citrate, strontium malonate, strontium succinate, strontium fumarate, strontium ascorbate, strontium pyruvate, strontium L-glutamate, strontium D-glutamate, strontium L-aspartate, strontium D-aspartate, strontium alpha-ketoglutarate, strontium lactate, strontium tartrate, strontium glutarate, strontium maleate, strontium methanesulfonate, strontium benzenesulfonate, strontium ranelate or ~~and~~ mixtures thereof.

20. (canceled): ~~Use of a strontium-containing compound (a) for the manufacture of a medicament for treating and/or preventing an osteonecrotic bone condition, such as, e.g. idiopathic or secondary osteonecrosis, avascular bone necrosis, glucocorticoid induced bone ischemia/osteonecrosis, Legg-Calve-Perthes disease and femoral head necrosis, in a mammal.~~

21. (canceled): ~~Use of a strontium-containing compound (a) and a therapeutic agent (b) for the manufacture of a medicament for treating and/or preventing an osteonecrotic bone condition in a mammal, wherein (b) is known to or suspected of inducing apoptosis and/or necrosis of bone cells leading to an osteonecrotic bone condition.~~

22. (currently amended): A pharmaceutical composition comprising a strontium-containing compound (a), and a therapeutic agent (b) that is known to or suspected of inducing apoptosis and/or necrosis of bone cells leading to an osteonecrotic bone condition, ~~optionally together with one or more pharmaceutically acceptable excipients.~~

23. (currently amended): A kit comprising two or more components, the first component comprising a strontium-containing compound (a) and the second component comprising a therapeutic agent (b) that is known to or suspected of inducing apoptosis and/or necrosis of bone cells leading to an osteonecrotic bone condition.
24. (new): The method according to claim 1, wherein the osteonecrotic bone disease is idiopathic or secondary osteonecrosis, avascular bone necrosis, glucocorticoid induced bone ischemia/osteonecrosis, Legg-Calve-Perthes disease or femoral head necrosis.
25. (new): The method according to claim 7, wherein the osteonecrotic bone disease is idiopathic or secondary osteonecrosis, avascular bone necrosis, glucocorticoid induced bone ischemia/osteonecrosis and femoral head necrosis.
26. (new): The method according to claim 9, wherein the side effects pertain to bone-pain, joint-pain, immobility, functional impairment, weight loss or bone mineral density (BMD) decrease.
27. (new): The method according to claim 11, wherein the anti-retroviral compound is efavirenz (Sustiva®), zidovudine (Retrovir®), lamivodine (Epivir®), abacavir (Ziagen®), zalcitabine (Hivid®), didanosine (Videx®), stavudine (Zerit®), tenofovir disoproxil fumarate (Viread®), emtricitabine (Emtriva®), fosamprenavir (Lexiva®), nevirapine (Viramune®), delavirdine (Rescriptor®), capravirine, enfuvirtide (Fuzeon®), saquinavir (Invirase®, Fortovase®), ritonavir (Norvir®), indinavir (Crixivan®), tipranavir, amdoxovir, elvucitabine, atazanavir (Reyataz®), nelfinavir (Viracept®), amprenavir (Agenerase®), PRO-542, TMC-114, TMC-125, BMS-56190, or DPC-0830.
28. (new): The pharmaceutical composition according to claim 22, further comprising one or more pharmaceutically acceptable excipients.